## **EPiC Reflect & Audit: CVD**



EPiC Reflect guides you through the process of reviewing your own/practice EPiC data\*, comparing it to national data, and considering the evidence for best practice. The notes and associated resources can help you to set actions to address inequities, create changes to your current practice and plan quality improvements. Reflecting in this way may help you to incorporate your learning into your everyday practice and to have more effective conversations with colleagues and patients. \*The EPiC dashboard shows subsidised prescriptions that have been dispensed in the community (ie, it is not a record of prescriptions written).

### Meeting your CPD requirements

EPiC Reflect activities can be included in a health professional's CME. Many of the elements involve reflecting on learning and fit with the goals of the RNZCGP Te Whanake CPD programme (medical education, patient outcomes, reviewing practices, and cultural safety and equity).

### Foundation Standard and Cornerstone applications

If you repeat the EPiC Reflect cycle after a specified time and document the changes that occurred, you will have completed an audit or continuous quality improvement (CQI) activity – see page 6. The activity can be incorporated into your practice's Quality Plan (RNZCGP <u>Foundation Standard indicators 8.1 and 8.2</u>). For a more intensive focus, use your activities for the RNZCGP <u>Cornerstone CQI</u> project or as a CQI initiative to improve equitable health outcomes for the <u>Cornerstone Equity module</u>.

## How to complete EPiC Reflect

This activity encourages you to reflect on your current practice and to set goals and establish the actions you will take to achieve these goals. You can do these activities as an individual or as a practice team.

- 1. Download this document and save it to your device, then work your way through each of the reflection examples and type your notes in the spaces provided in the editable table.
- 2. For each of the four data stories listed in the table below for CVD (Prevalence, Triple therapy, Triple therapy possession, and Mono and dual-therapy medicines):
  - in the first column of the table, think about the points to consider (or make up your own)
  - in the second column, type in what the data show you (use your own data if you are a prescriber or use national data if you're not)
  - in the third column, record your learning notes, reflection notes, and your proposed actions.

You will see that we have provided example answers to help you formulate your notes. You can use these and/or add your own thoughts.

- 3. To continue the process and complete a practice audit or CQI activity, work through the Audit section from page 6.
- 4. Upload this document to your professional development learning record upon completion.

Points to consider for each data story	What do the data show?  View the EPiC data displays and write notes for yourself and/or your practice in this column, as per the examples below.	Your learning, reflections, and actions  Write your notes in this column, using the examples below as prompts.  Learning notes: What are possible conclusions I can draw from the data?
		<b>Reflection notes:</b> What do the data make me think and feel about my current practice eg, might any internal bias be shown in the data?
		Actions: Are there are any changes I could make to my practice in response to these data?
Prevalence		
How many of my patients have had a CVD event in the last 5 years? How many of my practice's patients have had a CVD event?		
What percentage of my patients and patients in my practice have had a CVD event? How does this compare to the prevalence of CVD nationally?		
Are there particular demographic groups who have a higher prevalence of CVD in my practice?		

Triple therapy		
What percentage of my patients received triple therapy in the year they had a CVD event?		
How does the percentage look over time – has the percentage stayed the same over the last five years or increased or declined?		
How do different ethnicities compare in the percentage receiving triple therapy in the year they experienced a CVD event?		

# Triple therapy possession How many of my patients are not regularly being dispensed triple therapy after a CVD event? What percentage of patients are getting no triple therapy and what percentage of patients are not getting enough? When I filter these data by ethnicity, deprivation quintile, or age, how does the prescribing look? Are there particular groups of patients who would benefit from a targeted intervention?

Mono and dual-therapy medicin	nes	
What are the most commonly dispensed mono and dual-therapy medicines dispensed to my patients?		
Do these vary by ethnicity, deprivation quintile, gender, or age?		
How does my prescribing compare to national data?		

## Turn your reflections into a formal practice audit or CQI activity

- Using findings from some of your reflections above, and using data from EPiC CVD, create a plan to implement some changes or improvements in your practice.
- Record data from a first cycle (data capture one) in the table below and then re-examine your data over a subsequent timeframe and record in the second cycle (data capture two) table below.
- We have provided examples in the tables to help guide you with your data entry, but you may wish to choose other measures for your data capture and different change/improvement ideas.

Your completed activity can be incorporated into your practice's Quality Plan (Foundation Standard indicators 8.1 and 8.2) or incorporated into your RNZCGP Cornerstone CQI project or Cornerstone Equity module.

Audit/CQI activity: CVD  Date of audit:				
uate	(Select measures from the EPiC	(Consider your data in the previous column; are there any potential	(Add the date by	
(Show the EPiC	dashboard – we have provided	implications for health equity? Select change ideas that will work for your	when you plan to	
data end date for	some examples below)	community, they can be small or large changes – we have provided some	complete the change	
initial data capture)		examples below)	ideas)	

Data year-end date	Data capture <u>two</u>	Percentage change	Outcomes/lessons learned
(Show the EPiC data end date for initial data capture – pick a capture date at least six months after data capture one)	EPiC dashboard that you used in data	(Record the percentage change between the first and second data captures)	(Write a statement about your audit and data – do you think your changes made an impact? What learning has come from the activity? Will you implement any of the changes?)

## \* Definitions for 'your patients' and 'your practice patients'

#### Your Patients

'Your patients' refers to anyone who has had a medicine dispensed from a prescription you provided. This includes patients in your regular practice and will also include any patients who had a medicine dispensed from a prescription that you provided in any other location, such as at an afterhours healthcare setting.

## Patients in your practice

'Patients in your practice' or 'your practice patients' refers to any dispensing for patients registered at the practice where most of your prescriptions are written. These medicines will include those dispensed from prescriptions provided by other prescribers working at your regular practice, as well as medicines dispensed to patients enrolled at this practice but provided by prescribers working in other settings, such as specialists, in secondary care or in afterhours settings.





This activity has been endorsed by The Royal New Zealand College of General Practitioners (RNZCGP) and has been approved for CME credits for continuing professional development purposes (1 credit per learning hour). To claim your CPD credits, log in to your Te Whanake dashboard and record these activities under the appropriate learning category.

This activity has been endorsed by the PSNZ as suitable for inclusion in a pharmacist's CE records for CPD purposes.

Nurses may also find that completing this activity and reflecting on their learning can count as a professional development required by the Nursing Council of New Zealand.

This EPiC Reflect audit/CQI activity has been reviewed by Ben Firestone. Ben is a pharmacist and has a role as Population Health Clinical Pharmacist Pou Rongoā Matū with Health Hawke's Bay – Te Oranga o Te Matau-a-Māui.